

:: Fill in the blanks

- 1 We use a metre rod to measure _____.
- 2 In early days, people used _____ to measure length.
- 3 Litre is the unit for measuring _____.
- 4 _____ hand of a clock reads hours.
- 5 We see non-luminous objects when light _____ them
- 6 The size of a shadow changes due to change in the _____ of the sun.
- 7 A book is a _____ object
- 8 Friction is _____ on a rough surface in comparison to a smooth surface.

:: Long Answer Questions.

- 9 What is temperature? Which thermometer is used to measure body temperature? In what unit, does it measure the body temperature?
- 10 How are shadows formed? Why does the size of shadow change from time to time?

:: Multiple choice

- 11 Very long distances are measured in (a)centimetres.
(b)metres.
(c)kilometres.
- 12 A physical balance measures (a)mass.
(b)length.
(c)temperature.
- 13 Degree Centigrade is the unit of (a)length.
(b)temperature.
(c)mass.
- 14 To move an object, we have to apply force greater than the force of (a)friction.
(b)motion.
(c)pull.
- 15 Whispering is a _____ sound. (a)loud
(b)unpleasant
(c)soft
- 16 A resting body can move when _____ is applied. (a)noise
(b)light
(c)force
- 17 Which of the following is a luminous object? (a)bulb
(b)pencil
(c) book

:: Tick (3) the correct answer:

- 18 We can see things with the help of _____. (a) light
(b) air
(c) lens
- 19 Things that give us light are _____. (a) luminous
(b) non-luminous
(c) objects
- 20 We like _____ sound. (a) soft
(b) loud
(c) noisy
- 21 A loud and unpleasant sound is called _____. (a) loudness
(b) noise
(c) music

:: Very Short Answer Questions.

- 22 Name one unit of measurement of length.
- 23 How many grams make a kilogram?
- 24 Write three units for measuring time.
- 25 Name two non-luminous objects.

_____ | _____ | _____